

VHF RT2047

SAILOR COMPACT 2000 PROGRAMME

ENGLISH

The SAILOR RT2047 VHF radiotelephone has been designed to be used with the SAILOR Compact 2000 module programme.

The SAILOR RT2047 can either be installed and operated as an independent unit, or in combination with other elements of the Compact 2000 module programme. These include a coast telephony station with a 400 Watt PEP SSB transmitter, an SSB receiver with built-in FM and AM bands, and a scrambler which ensures complete communication secrecy.

The SAILOR VHF RT2047 has, by means of the latest technology in casting technique, been constructed to withstand the most extreme conditions experienced in small, semi-open boats. Its compact, weatherproof construction ensures a degree of resistance to sea spray.

The printed circuits, which have made possible a combination of compactness and exceptional performance, are coated with a special, moisture-repellent lacquer.

In the design of this VHF radiotelephone, SAILOR have taken into account all the circumstances it will be exposed to in day-to-day operation. However, even a product of this high quality requires regular servicing and maintenance, and we recommend a close observance of the directions contained in the instruction book.

SAILOR is one of Europe's leading producers of maritime radio communication equipment - a position which has been maintained by means of constant and extensive product development. We have a world-wide network of distributors, represented in approx fifty countries. All our distributors are well-trained and able to service all SAILOR products.



SAILOR * · Porsvej 2 · PO Box 7071 · DK-9200 Aalborg SV · Denmark Phone: +45 9634 6100 · Fax: +45 9634 6101 · Telex: 69789 ECI DK E-mail: sailor@sailor.dk · Web: www.sailor.dk

Doc. No. B2047GB | Issue: A/0347



DISTRESS CALL PROCEDURE

Transmit on channel 16: MAYDAY MAYDAY MAYDAY MAYDAY This is: NAME OF SHIP, call sign or other identification (THREE TIMES), followed by: MAYDAY - NAME OF SHIP - Position, type of emergency, help required and other information which may help rescue operations.

For clarity when SPELLING OUT words, the following alphabet should be used:

A - Alfa N - November B - Bravo O - Oskar C - Charlie P - Papa D - **Del**ta Q - Quebec E - Echo R - Romeo F - Foxtrot S - Sierra G - Golf T - Tango H - Hotel U - Uniform I - **In**dia V - Victor J - Juliett W-Whiskey K - Kilo X - **X** - rav L - Lima Y - Yankee M - Mike 7 - **Zu**lu

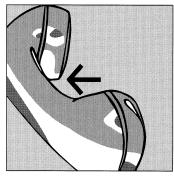
NOTE:

- The distress call should be repeated from time-to-time until an answer is heard.
- 2. If no reply is heard on channel 16, the call should be repeated on any other available channel.
- 3. Speak slowly, pronouncing each word distinctly.



OPERATING

The operating panel is provided with the so-called membrane switches instead of the traditional pushbuttons. These require only a light pressure and are extremely reliable. Keyed operations appear instantly on the large, liquid crystal display in confirmation of the keys which have been operated. The read-out thus functions as a positive checking device. All operating facilities are fitted with night illumination.



SIMPLEX COMMUNICATION

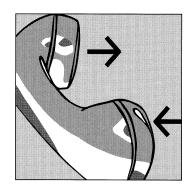
All ship/ship and some ship/port communications are carried out in the simplex mode. This means that the handset key switch is depressed while the message is delivered, ending with the word "over" The switch is now released, allowing the other party to reply.



There is standard provision for the programming of up to 20 private channels. However, it is possible to increase the total to 67 private channels.

A private channel is indicated on the display with a "P" in front of the channel number.

Private channels include fishing and leisure channels as well as the special channels allocated by post and telegraph authorities.



DUPLEX COMMUNICATION

All shipicoast station communications and some ship/port communications are in the duplex mode. This is two-way communication where the handset switch is depressed throughout thus making it possible to hear the other party whilst one is speaking - just as on an ordinary telephone.

CONTROLS

ON OFF	Turns the set on or off	SCAN	Selects scanning programme.
VOL	Increases volume progressively in 16 steps.	SCAN ADD	Adds a channel to the scanning table.
VOL VOL	Reduces volume progressively in 16 steps.	SCAN DELETE	Deletes a channel from the scanning table.
sq 🛆	Increases squelch sensitivity progressively in 8 steps, a gradual exclusion of weak signals with atmospherics.	SCAN PROG	Stores the current scanning programme in the memory.
sq	Reduces squelch sensitivity progressively in 8 steps	SCAN TIME	Selects the scan time from 1 to 99 seconds. The time chosen will be used to listen on one of the secondary channels receiving a signal.
STOP RUN	Stops and starts scanning sequence. Listen out on several predetermined channels,	D.W.	Selects the dual watch facility.
16	Quick select of the call and distress channel 16	SELCALL RESET	Resets the selcall decoder after a call.
1	Digits from 1 to 0.	SELCALL TEST	Tests the selcall decoder.
Р	Selects private channels.	1W	Selects 1W reduced power output.
ENT	Terminates the keying in of selected channels, scanning programmes, scan time ect.	USA	Selects the VHF channels used in the USA.
SHIFT	Activates the functions marked in orange on the keyboard.	DIM	Switches the panel illumination on or off.

READ-OUT

SCANNING

The scanner contains 6 programmes of which 5 can be determined by the operator. The programme chosen is shown on the display as "Scal 0" up to and including "Scan 5". Channel 16 has top priority during scanning.

Q DUAL WATCH

When the "DW" sign is illuminated, it indicates that the international distress channel 16 is being listened to every 1.5 seconds, whilst the secondary channel, which is shown or the display, is being listened to the rest of the time. If a signal is received on channel 16, will be listened to continuously for as long as the signal continues.

USA -CHANNELS

In the USA a number of the international duplex channels are used as simplex channels. Ships sating in American waters must, therefore, be able to select these channels as simplex channels in appearance of "USA" on the display indicates that this mode of operating is in use.

SELECTIVE CALLING

Upon receipt of a selective call from a coast station, the word "Call" will be shown on the display. Upon receipt of an "all ships call" e.g. a distress call, gale warning or navigational warning, the display will show "CQ"

DUPLEX

If a duplex channel is chosen, the display will show "Duplex" and a fully duplex conversation in the form of a dialogue without technical switching will be possible.

Scan 5 DW USA CQ Duplex Shift Call Vol 15 SQ 8 1W Tx

SQUELCH

The squelch can be adjusted in 8 steps and the current adjustment can be read on the display. On step 0 the squelch function is not operative. This means that all signals, including noise, will be heard on the loudspeaker. On step 8 all weak signals with atmospherics will be excluded from the loudspeaker and only clear, intelligible signals will be heard.

REDUCES POWER

In harbour areas or in the close vicinity of another lessel, transmissions should be with reduced power. When the display shows 1W the transmitter power output is reduced from the maximum 25 Watts to under 1 Watt.

Where two stations are close to-

Where two stations are close together, this reduction can improve communication.

◆ CHANNEL READ-OUT

All international maritime channels are shown by the two digits to the far right on the display when the chosen channel has been keyed in

A "P" at the right indicates that the channel chosen is a private channel - usually the leisure and fishing channel.

TRANSMITTING

Whenever the handset switch is depressed, the transmitter will operate and "TX" will appear on the display in confirmation of this.

√VOLUME

The volume can be adjusted in 16 steps - from 0 to 15 and the current setting can always be read on the display.

OPERATION

The VHF radiotelephone is operated exclusively by means of pushbuttons. This ensures adjustment of volume, selection of channels etc, in all situations.

The large, liquid crystal display panel shows volume level, squelch level, channel in use as well as the various keyed functions such as 1 Watt and dual watch.

When the station is switched off, all settings in use will be stored in the built-in memory and will be re-displayed as soon as the station is switched on again.

How to Select a Private Channel

E. g. Channel P13. Press:









Press:

Used in USA

Read-out:



How to Select Channels

How to Set the Squelch

Press:



until white noise - a uniform light hissing sound - is heard in the loudspeaker.

Then press:



until the white noise just disappears.

The adjustment is to be done on a channel without signal.

Read-out:

SQ8 - The squelch will exclude weak signals.

SQO - The squelch will keep the station operative even when no signal is received.

How to Turn On the Front Panel Illumination

Press:





How to Turn Off the Front Panel Illumination

Press:



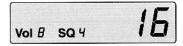


How to Select the Distress and Call Channel 16

Press:



Read-out:

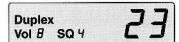


How to Select a Channel

E g. Channel 23. Press:



Read-out:



How to Select Reduced **Output Power**

Press:

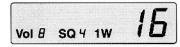
Read-out:

Vol 8 SQ 4





Read-out:



How to Raise Output Power to 25W on Channels 13 or 67 in US-Mode

Press:



and keep



depressed simultaneously with the handset key

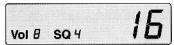
Read-out:



How to Return to 25W **Output Power**







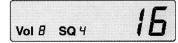
How to Return to International Channels

Press:





Read-out:



SELECTIVE CALLING

When a selective call is received from a coast station, the read-out will show "Call" and the acoustic alarm will sound for 10 seconds.

When an "all ships call", containing distress messages, gale warnings, navigational warnings, etc, is received from a coast station, the read-out will show "CQ", and the acoustic alarm will sound until the selcall is reset.

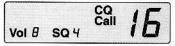
How to Test the Selcall Decoder

Press:





Read-out:



The acoustic alarm will sound.

This read-out indicates that the test has been correctly carried out. Now press:





How to Reset the Selcall Decoder

After an individual call or an "all ships call" has been received, press:





DUAL WATCH OPERATION

In addition to the selected channel, which is shown on the display, the VHF station will listen on channel 16 for 0.1 second every 1.5 seconds.

If there is a signal on channel 11, the dual watch sequence will be as follows:



Any signal received on channel 16 will be heard continuously and the read-out will show "16" until the signal ceases.

If the transmitter is keyed, the dual watch function will be switched off and the read-out will show the channel selected.

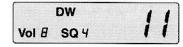
How to Select Dual Watch

Press:





Read-out:



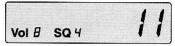
How to Switch Off Dual Watch

Press:





Read-out:



SCANNING OPERATION

The VHF radiotelephone includes 6 scanning programmes, to be stored in the corresponding registers from 0 to 5. The corresponding read-outs are "Scan 0", "Scan 1", "Scan 2", "Scan 3", "Scan 4", and "Scan 5".

"Scan 0"

"Scan 0" is programmed from the factory with all the channels which are available in the set except private channels from P20 to P67. Channels can be deleted or added in accordance with the operator's wishes and needs. When the VHF station is switched on, "Scan 0" will once again contain all channels.

"Scan 1-5"

The scanning programmes from "Scan 1" to "Scan 5" are operator-programmed and stored in a special memory which retains the scanning programme even when the station is switched off.

The operator can construct his own scanning programmes in each of the 5 registers. The only limitation to the number of channels in each programme is the private channels from P20 to P67. Examples of the private programmes are such things as the fishing channel, harbour service, weather service, and other public channels.

By pressing "Add" or "Delete", the scanning programme can be changed during operation without any change in the programme stored in the special memory. To store a changed programme in the memory press "Scan Prog".

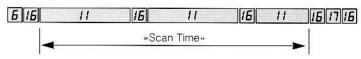
Scanning

In principle, scanning is an advanced form of the dual watch system in which the secondary channel selected changes constantly whilst the distress and call channel 16 is listened to simultaneously.

If, for example, a scanning programme consists of channels 6,11,17 and 70, the scanning sequence will look like this:

6 16 11 16 17 16 70 16 6

If there is a signal on channel 11 the sequence will be:



The "Scan Time" is the time during which the scanner listens out on channel 11 whilst at the same time watching out on channel 16 - exactly like it happens on the dual watch system. The "Scan Time" can be programmed by the operator.

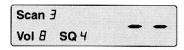
To obtain a continuous listening to the signal being received on channel 11, the scanning is stopped by a single press on "STOP/RUN". The scanning can be started again by pressing once on the same button.

How to Select a Scanning Programme

E. g. programme 3, Press:



Read-out:



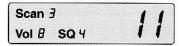
The two bars indicate that the scanner is running.

How to Stop the Scanner

Press:



Read-out:



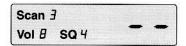
How to Start the Scanner Again

400000

Press:



Read-out:



How to Return to the Last Channel with Signal

A long press on:



How to Check the Channels Contained in a Scanning Programme

A constant press on:



results in all the channels in that particular programme being shown slowly on the display.

How to Add a Channel to a Scanning Programme

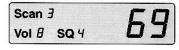
E.g. to add channel 69 to "Scan 3" press:







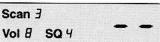
Read-out:



To re-start the scanning programme press:



Read-out:



How to Delete a Channel from a Scanning Programme

E.g. to delete channel 69 from "Scan 3" press:

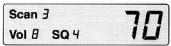








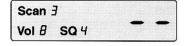
The read out shows the next channel in the programme, e.g.:



The revised scanning programme becomes operative by pressing:



Read-out:



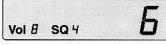
How to Set "Scan Time"

To set "Scan Time" to 10 seconds press:





Read-out shows the previously selected "Scan Time". 6 seconds.



To continue with an unchanged "Scan Time" press:

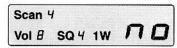


To change "Scan Time" to 10 seconds press:



Empty Scanning Programme

If one of the scanning programmes (e.g. 4) is empty of channels, the read-out will show:



To leave the empty programme press:







The read-out will show the last utilized channel or channel 16.

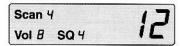
Alternatively, to insert channel 12 as part of the scanning programme press:







The read-out will then show:



How to Store the Revised Programme in the Special Memory

The revised "Scan 3" is stored in the special memory by pressing:





The programme will remain in the memory even when the station is switched off.

CHANNEL APPLICATION AND FREQUENCY TABLE

		/					9/						/	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	ARMELS SY	ORT C	00th 8	SRUC	/55 ^X /,	EDEONENCIES		HAMMELS	SHIP /	00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Jalic	/		
	SIMPLEX		PLEX	FREQUENCIES		ILKEROFINCIES		SIMPLE	X DUF	LEX	FREQUENCIES			FREQUENCIES
1				Tx: 156.050 MHz Rx: 160.650 MHz		Tx: 156.050 MHz Rx: 160.650 MHz	60				Tx: 156.025 MHz Rx: 160.625 MHz	<u> </u>	0	Tx: 156.025 MHz Rx: 160.625 MHz
2				Tx: 156.100 MHz Rx: 160.700 MHz		Tx: 156.100 MHz Rx: 160.700 MHz	61				Tx: 156.075 MHz Rx: 160.675 MHz	1		Tx: 156.075 MHz Rx: 160.675 MHz
3				Tx: 156.150 MHz Rx: 160.750 MHz		Tx: 156.150 MHz Rx: 160.750 MHz	62				Tx: 156.125 MHz Rx: 160.725 MHz			Tx: 156.125 MHz Rx: 160.725 MHz
4				Tx: 156.200 MHz Rx: 160.800 MHz		Tx: 156.200 MHz Rx: 160.800 MHz	63				Tx: 156.175 MHz Rx: 160.775 MHz			Tx: 156.175 MHz Rx: 156.775 MHz
5				Tx: 156.250 MHz		Tx: 156.250 MHz	64				Tx: 156.225 MHz			Tx: 156.225 MHz
6	•			Rx: 160.850 MHz Tx: 156.300 MHz	Ŏ	Rx: 160.850 MHz Tx: 156.300 MHz	65				Rx: 160.825 MHz Tx: 156.275 MHz			Rx: 160.825 MHz Tx: 156.275 MHz
7				Rx: 156.300 MHz Tx: 156.350 MHz		Rx: 156.300 MHz Tx: 156.350 MHz	66				Rx: 160.875 MHz Tx: 156.325 MHz	llŏ		Rx: 156.275 MHz Tx: 156.325 MHz
				Rx: 160.950 MHz Tx: 156.400 MHz		Rx: 156.350 MHz Tx: 156.400 MHz					Rx: 160.925 MHz Tx: 156.375 MHz	ll H		Rx: 156.325 MHz Tx: 156.375 MHz
8				Rx: 156.400 MHz Tx: 156.450 MHz		Rx: 156.400 MHz Tx: 156.450 MHz	67		<u> </u>		Rx: 156.375 MHz Tx: 156.425 MHz			Rx: 156.375 MHz Tx: 156.425 MHz
9				Rx: 156.450 MHz Tx: 156.500 MHz	0	Rx: 156.450 MHz Tx: 156.500 MHz	68				Rx: 156.425 MHz Tx: 156.475 MHz			Rx: 156.425 MHz
10	• •			Rx: 156.500 MHz	0	Rx: 156.500 MHz	69				Rx: 156.475 MHz			Tx: 156.475 MHz Rx: 156.475 MHz
11				Tx: 156.550 MHz Rx: 156.550 MHz		Tx: 156.550 MHz Rx: 156.550 MHz	70	DSC			Tx: 156.525 MHz Rx: 156.525 MHz			Tx: 156.525 MHz Rx: 156.525 MHz
12	•			Tx: 156.600 MHz Rx: 156.600 MHz		Tx: 156.600 MHz Rx: 156.600 MHz	71				Tx: 156.575 MHz Rx: 156.575 MHz		-	Tx: 156.575 MHz Rx: 156.575 MHz
13	•			Tx: 156 650 MHz Rx: 156.650 MHz		Tx: 156 650 MHz Rx: 156.650 MHz	72				Tx: 156.625 MHz Rx: 156.625 MHz			Tx: 156.625 MHz Rx: 156.625 MHz
14				Tx: 156.700 MHz	Ŏ	Tx: 156.700 MHz	73				Tx: 156.675 MHz			Tx: 156.675 MHz
15	•			Rx: 156.700 MHz Tx: 156.750 MHz	lŏ -	Rx: 156.700 MHz Tx: 156.750 MHz	74				Rx: 156.675 MHz Tx: 156.725 MHz			Rx: 156.675 MHz Tx: 156.725 MHz
				Rx: 156.750 MHz Tx: 156.800 MHz		Rx: 156.750 MHz Tx: 156.800 MHz		0 10	<u> </u>		Rx: 156.725 MHz Tx: 156.775 MHz	\mathbb{H}^{\sim}		Rx: 156.725 MHz Tx: 156.775 MHz
16	Distress ar	nd Ca	alling	Rx: 156 800 MHz Tx: 156.850 MHz	0	Rx: 156 800 MHz Tx: 156.850 MHz	75	Guard B			Rx: 156 775 MHz Tx: 156.825 MHz	! —		Rx: 156 775 MHz Tx: 156.825 MHz
17	• •			Rx: 156.850 MHz		Rx: 156.850 MHz	76	Guard Ba	and		Rx: 156.825 MHz			Rx: 156.825 MHz
18				Tx: 156.900 MHz Rx: 161.500 MHz		Tx: 156.900 MHz Rx: 156.900 MHz	77				Tx: 156.875 MHz Rx: 156.875 MHz			Tx: 156.875 MHz Rx: 156.875 MHz
19				Tx: 156.950 MHz Rx: 161.550 MHz		Tx: 156.950 MHz Rx: 156.950 MHz	78				Tx: 156.925 MHz Rx: 161.525 MHz	$ \bigcirc$		Tx: 156.925 MHz Rx: 156.925 MHz
20				Tx: 157.000 MHz		Tx: 157.000 MHz Rx: 161.600 MHz	79				Tx: 156.975 MHz Rx: 161.575 MHz			Tx: 156.975 MHz
21				Rx: 161.600 MHz Tx: 157.050 MHz		Tx: 157.050 MHz	80				Tx: 157.025 MHz			Rx: 156.975 MHz Tx: 157.025 MHz
				Rx: 161.650 MHz Tx: 157.100 MHz		Rx: 157.050 MHz Tx: 157.100 MHz					Rx: 161.625 MHz Tx: 157.075 MHz			Rx: 157.025 MHz Tx: 157.075 MHz
22			-	Rx: 161.700 MHz Tx: 157.150 MHz		Rx: 157.100 MHz Tx: 157.150 MHz	81		-		Rx: 161.675 MHz Tx: 157.125 MHz	HH HH	\vdash	Rx: 157.075 MHz Tx: 157.125 MHz
23				Rx: 161.750 MHz		Rx: 157.150 MHz Tx: 157.200 MHz	82				Rx: 161.725 MHz Tx: 157.175 MHz			Rx: 157.125 MHz Tx: 157.175 MHz
24				Tx: 157.200 MHz Rx: 161.800 MHz		Rx: 161.800 MHz	83				Rx: 161.775 MHz			Rx: 157.175 MHz
25				Tx: 157.250 MHz Rx: 161.850 MHz		Tx: 157.250 MHz Rx: 161.850 MHz	84				Tx: 157.225 MHz Rx: 161.825 MHz	<u> </u>	0	Tx: 157.225 MHz Rx: 161.825 MHz
26			•	Tx: 157.300 MHz Rx: 161.900 MHz		Tx: 157.300 MHz Rx: 161.900 MHz	85				Tx: 157.275 MHz Rx: 161.875 MHz			Tx: 157.275 MHz Rx: 161.875 MHz
27				Tx: 157.350 MHz		Tx: 157.350 MHz Rx: 161.950 MHz	86				Tx: 157.325 MHz Rx: 161.925 MHz			Tx: 157.325 MHz Rx: 161.925 MHz
28				Rx: 161.950 MHz Tx: 157.400 MHz		Tx: 157.400 MHz	87				Tx: 157.375 MHz		ĬŎ.	Tx: 157.375 MHz
P 20		L		Rx: 162.000 MHz		Rx: 162.000 MHz	88				Rx: 161.975 MHz Tx: 157.425 MHz		\vdash	Rx: 161.975 MHz Tx: 157.425 MHz
											Rx: 162.025 MHz	\mathbb{H}^{2}	\Box	Rx: 157.425 MHz
Р							<u> P</u>					1		
Р							P							
Р							Р					<u> </u>		
Р							Р					1	T	
						I		1			1			

QUICK SELECT CHART

Distress and Call Channel	16	Vol 7 sq 4
Channel Selection	2 3 ENT	Duplex Vol 7 SQ 4
US-mode (Channel Required in the USA)	SHIFT	Vol 7 SQ 4
Reduced Power	SHIFT	Duplex Vol 7 SQ 4 1W
Dual Watch	SHIFT D.W.	DW Duplex Vol 7 SQ 4
Select Scanning Programme e g 3	SHIFT SCAN SHIFT SCAN ENT	Scan 3 Vol 7 SQ 4
Add a Channel to Scanning Programme	6 9 SHIFT SCAN ADD	Scan 3 Vol 7 SQ 4
Start Scanning	STOP	Scan ∃ Vol 7 SQ 4 1W
Delete a Channel from Scanning Programme	6 9 SHIFT SCAN DELETE	Scan 3 Vol 7 SQ 4
Store a Revised Scanning Programme	SHIFT SCAN PROG	
Set of "Scan time" to 10 Seconds	SHIFT SCAN TIME 1 0 ENT	



SAILOR